		•	Code	SDS1029B	
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			Ū		
SECTION 1. Identification of th	e substance or mixture and	of the company/er	nterprise		
1.1. Product identifier					
Code:	1029-B				
Description	IPER VETRO COMP				
UFI code	0110-102P-H00W-MXDW				
1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substa	nce or mixture and uses not recomme	nded			
Relevant uses: THIXOTRO	PIC EPOXY FINISH FOR PROF	ESSIONAL USE			
1.3. Safety datasheet supplier information					
Company Name	GIORGIO GRAESAN AND FR	IENDS s.a.s.			
Address	Via BERGAMO 24				
	20037 PADERNO DUGNANO ITALY				
	Tel. 02/9903951				
	Fax. 02/99039590				
the e-mail address of the competent person	tecnico@giorgiograesan.it				
responsible for the safety datasheet is					
1.4. Emergency telephone number					
Phone number	02/99039541 from Monday to	Friday 8.30-12.30/14.00-1	8.00		
SECTION 2. Hazard identificati	on				
2.1. Classification of the substance or mix	ure				
Classification according to EC Regulation No.					
Acute Tox. 4, Harmful if swa					
STOT SE 3, May cause resp					
Causes severe skin burns an					
Aquatic Chronic 2, 3, Harmfu	use an allergic skin reaction. I to aquatic life with long lasting effects.				
Physico-chemical effects harmful to human he	Ith and the environment: no other hazard	S			
2.2. Label elements according to Regulati	on no. 1272/2008.				
Hozord indications:					
Hazard indications: H302 Harmful if swallowed					
H314 Causes severe skin	ourns and eve damage				
H335 May cause respirato	, ,				
H317 May cause an allerg					
H412 Harmful to aquatic lit	e with long lasting effects.				
Hazard pictograms:					
• •					
Warning: danger					
•					
Precautionary statements:					
P201 Obtain special instructions before P202 Do not handle until all safety preca					
P260 Do not breathe dust/fumes/gas/mis					
P261 Avoid breathing dust/fumes/gas/m					
P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.					

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P301+P330+P331 IF SWALLOWED: Ri P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with ple P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove victir	ntilated area. Id not be allowed out of the workplace. clothing/eye protection/face protection. ht as required. omfort: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell inse mouth. DO NOT induce vomiting. enty of soap and water. : Remove/take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin w m to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, get medical advice/attention. TER or doctor/physician. abel). label). urs: get medical advice/attention. re reuse. ace and keep container tightly closed.	vith water/shower.	sy to do. Continue

Poly (oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)), alpha- (2-aminomethylethyl)omega- (2-aminomethyl), Trimethylhexane-1,6-diamine, Benzyl alcohol

Special provisions: contains epoxy resins: none.

## Special provisions based on Annex XVII of REACH and subsequent adaptations: none

Safety datasheet available at: www.giorgiograesan.it

### 2.3. Other hazards.

The product does not meet the PTB/vPvB criteria

# **SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients.**

## 3.1 Substances

Not applicable

#### 3.2 Mixtures

Hazardous components pursuant to Directive 67/548/EEC and the Regulation concerning the classification, labelling and packaging of substances and preparations, and their classification:

## Components

	Identification	Chemical name	Classification (EC REGULATION NO. 1272/2008)	Conc. [%]
CAS no: CE: Index: Reach:	9046-10-0 01- 2119557899- 12	Poly (oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)), alpha- (2-aminomethylethyl)omega- (2-aminomethyl)	Skin Corr. 1C H314 STOT SE 3 H335 Aquatic Chronic 3 H412	60% - 70%
CAS no: CE: Index: Reach:	25620-58-0 247-134-8 01-2119560598-25	Trimethylhexane-1,6-diamine CAS No: EC Numbers: REACH no.	Skin Corr. 1B ! H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Skin Sens. 1 H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. Oral Acute Tox. 4 H302. Harmful if swallowed	5- 10%
CAS No: CE: Index: Reach:	100-51-6 202-859-9 603-057-00-5 01-2119492630-38-XXXX	Benzyl alcohol	3.1/4/Inhal Acute Tox. 4 H332 3.1/4/Oral Acute Tox. 4 H302 3.3/2 Eye Irrit. 2 H319	2% - 5%

See section 16 for the full text of the H statements in this section

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## **SECTION 4. First aid measures.**

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures:

Symptoms due to poisoning may appear after exposure, so if in doubt, seek medical advice following direct exposure to the chemical or persistent discomfort, showing the SDS of this product.

#### For inhalation:

If breathing is irregular or absent, perform artificial respiration.

Bring the injured person to fresh air and keep them warm and at rest.

### For skin contact:

Remove contaminated clothing immediately and dispose of it safely.

Wash immediately with plenty of running water and possibly soap the areas of the body that have come into contact with the toxic substance, even if only suspected. Wash the body thoroughly (shower or bathroom).

#### For eye contact:

In case of contact with the eyes rinse them with water for an appropriate period of time and keeping the eyelids open, then consult an ophthalmologist immediately.

Protect the unharmed eye.

For ingestion/aspiration:

Never induce vomiting. SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY Do not give anything to eat or drink.

### 4.2. Main symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed.

The product is harmful by acute exposure and presents serious health risks if inhaled or ingested. The product is corrosive and, when brought into contact with the skin, causes burns, destroying the entire thickness of the skin tissue

### 4.3. Indication of any need for immediate medical advice and special treatments.

**Treatment:** In case of an accident or discomfort seek medical advice immediately (if possible show the instructions for use or safety datasheet) .Treatment: (see section 4.1).

### **SECTION 5. Fire-fighting measures.**

5.1. Extinguishing media. Suitable extinguishing media:

Water.

### Carbon dioxide (CO2). Extinguish large fires with spray water or alcohol resistant foam. Extinguishing media not to be used for safety reasons: None in particular.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture.

Do not inhale gases generated by explosion and combustion.

Combustion produces heavy smoke.

The fumes released during a fire may contain ingredients in their unaltered state or unidentified toxic and/or irritant compounds

### 5.3. Recommendations for fire extinguishers.

Use appropriate respiratory equipment. Collect contaminated water used to extinguish the fire separately. Do not drain it in the sewer. Cool containers at risk by spraying them with water. If feasible from a safety point of view, move undamaged containers away from the area of immediate danger.

### **SECTION 6.** Accidental release measures.

## 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and procedures in case of emergency.

Wear personal protective equipment. Wear respiratory equipment when exposed to vapours/dust/spray. Provide adequate ventilation.

### Move people to a safe place

See the protective measures set out in sections 7 and 8.

### 6.2. Environmental precautions.

Prevent penetration into the soil/subsoil. Prevent run-off into surface water or sewage system. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it.

In the event of a gas leak or penetration into watercourses, soil or sewage system, inform the responsible authorities.

Material suitable for collection: absorbent material, organic substances, sand

## 6.3. Methods and materials for containment and cleansing.

Provide sufficient ventilation. Collect the liquid with absorbent material (sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust). Dispose of the collected material as required by law. Carefully clean the site of the accident: water should be used for this operation Wash with plenty of water.

## 6.4. Reference to other sections.

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Any information regarding personal protection and disposal is set out in sections 8 and 13.

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**SECTION 7. Handling and storage.** 7.1. Precautions for safe handling. Avoid contact with skin and eyes, the inhalation of vapours and mists. Only operate in well-ventilated environments or use the localised ventilation system. Do not use empty containers before they have been cleaned. Before the transfer operations, make sure that there are no incompatible residual materials in the containers. Contaminated clothing must be replaced before entering dining areas. During work, do not eat or drink. See also paragraph 8 for recommended protective equipment. 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities. Keep the product in clearly labelled containers. Store containers in well-ventilated rooms away from any incompatible materials, checking section 10. Keep containers tightly closed, in suitable environments at +5°C to+30°C. Avoid sources of heat, radiation, static electricity and contact with food. 7.3. Particular end uses. Not available **SECTION 8. Exposure control/personal protection.** 8.1. Control parameters Benzyl alcohol - Index: 603-057-00-5, CAS: 100-51-6, EC No: 202-859-9 Consumer: 25 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Oral - Frequency: Short-term systemic effects Consumer: 5 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Oral - Frequency: Long-term, systemic effects Poly (oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)), alpha- (2-aminomethylethyl)omega- (2-aminomethyl) - CAS: 9046-10-0 TLV TWA - TLV STEL- VLE 8h- VLE short: None DNEL exposure limit values Professional worker: 0.623 mg/cm2 - Exposure: Human Skin Long-term 8h local effects Professional worker: 2.5 mg/kg bw/day - Exposure: Human Skin Long-term 8h systemic effects 8.2. Exposure controls Considering that the use of appropriate technical measures should always take precedence over personal protective equipment, ensure good ventilation in the workplace through effective local extraction. When choosing personal protective equipment, consult your chemical suppliers if necessary. Personal protective equipment must bear the EC marking attesting to its compliance with the regulations in force.

HAND PROTECTION				
Pictogram	PPE	Marked	ECN standards	Remarks
Mandatory hand protection	Use protective gloves that guarantee total protection, e.g. fluorinated rubber (Viton) Nitrile rubber Butyl rubber	CE	EN 374	Replace gloves at first sign of deterioration. For periods of prolonged exposure to the product by professional/industrial users, the use of CE III gloves is recommended in accordance with EN 420 and EN 374.

The choice of suitable gloves depends not only on the material but also on other quality characteristics that vary from one manufacturer to another. Ask the glove supplier for the specific permeation rate that must be strictly observed.

### SKIN PROTECTION

Pictogram	PPE	Marked	ECN standards	Remarks
	Work clothing that guarantees total protection (rubber, pvc)	CATI		Replace at the first sign of deterioration. For periods of prolonged exposure by professional / industrial users, CE III is recommended, according to EN ISO 6529: 2001, EN ISO 6530: 2005, EN ISO 13688: 2013, EN 464: 1994
	Non-slip work shoes	CATI	EN ISO 20347:2012	Replace at the first sign of deterioration. For periods of prolonged exposure by professional / industrial users, CE III is recommended, according to EN ISO 20345 and EN 13832-1

Wash with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

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### EYE PROTECTION

Pictogram	PPE	Marked	ECN standards	Remarks
Mandatory face protection	Full-vision safety goggles to protect against splashes and/or projections	CAT II	EN 166:2001 EN ISO 4007:2012	Clean daily and disinfect periodically according to the manufacturer's instructions. Use is recommended if there is a risk of splashing.

### RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

Use appropriate respiratory protective equipment, e.g. CEN/FFP-2(S) or CEN/FFP-3(S).

If the limit value of one or more of the substances in the preparation is exceeded based on the daily exposure in the work environment or a fraction thereof established by the company prevention and protection service, wear a mask with type A or universal filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen in relation to the limit concentration of use (ref. Standard EN 141). The use of respiratory protective equipment, such as masks with cartridges for organic vapours and for dust/mists, is necessary in the absence of technical measures to limit worker exposure. However, the protection offered by masks is limited. If the substance in question is odourless or its olfactory limit exceeds the relevant exposure limit and in case of an emergency, i.e. when the exposure levels are unknown or the oxygen concentration in the work environment is less than 17% in volume, wear an open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (ref. standard EN 137) or fresh air breathing apparatus for use with a full mask, half-mask or mouthpiece (ref. standard EN 138). If there is a risk of being exposed to splashes or sprays in relation to the work carried out, adequate protection of the mucous membranes (mouth, nose, eyes) must be provided in order to avoid accidental absorption

THERMAL HAZARDS

NONE

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS. None. In case of insufficient ventilation use a mask with AK2 filters (EN 141).

# **SECTION 9.** Physical and chemical properties.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties.

3.1 mormation on basic physical and chemical ph	operties.
Appearance:	clear liquid
Colour:	light blue
Smell:	ammoniacal
Odour threshold:	Not applicable
pH:	Not applicable
Melting/freezing point:	Not applicable
Boiling point/boiling range:	>190°C
Solid/gas flammability:	Not applicable
Upper/lower flammability or explosion limit:	Not applicable
Vapour density:	Not applicable
Flash point:	>100°C
Evaporation rate:	Not applicable
Steam pressure:	Not applicable
Water solubility:	partially emulsifiable
Relative density:	1.00 kg/l
Liposolubility:	Not applicable
Partition coefficient: (n-octanol/water):	Not applicable
Autoignition temperature:	300°C
Decomposition temperature:	Not applicable
Viscosity:	Not applicable
Explosive properties:	Not applicable
Oxidising properties:	Not applicable
9.2. Other information	
Dry residue:	Not applicable
VOC (Directive 2004/42/EC):	26.0 g/litre
VOC (volatile carbon):	Not applicable
Miscibility:	Not applicable
Liposolubility:	Not applicable
Conductivity:	Not applicable
Characteristic properties of groups of substances:	Not applicable

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# **SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity.**

10.1. Reactivity.

No dangerous reaction.

## 10.2. Chemical stability.

The product is stable under normal handling, use and storage conditions.

# 10.3. Possibility of dangerous reactions.

It can generate flammable gases in contact with elemental metals (alkali and alkaline earth), strong reducing agents. It can generate toxic gases in contact with oxidising mineral acids, halogenated organic substances, organic peroxides and hydroperoxides, strong oxidising agents.

May ignite in contact with strong oxidising agents.

10.4. Conditions to avoid.

Stable under normal conditions

## 10.5. Incompatible materials.

## 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products.

Nitrogen oxides (NOx) Carbon monoxide (CO) and carbon dioxide (CO2) Corrosive gases/vapours Toxic gases/vapours

# **SECTION 11. Toxicological information.**

In the absence of experimental toxicological data on the product itself, any hazards of the product to health have been assessed on the basis of the properties of the substances contained, according to the criteria laid down in the reference legislation for classification. Therefore, consider the concentration of the individual hazardous substances mentioned in section 3, if any, in order to assess the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Toxicological information concerning the mixture:

Penetration routes.

Ingestion: yes Inhalation: yes

Contact: skin irritation and sensitisation.

No toxicological data is available on the mixture as such. Therefore, the concentration of the individual substances should be taken into account in order to assess the toxicological effects of exposure to the mixture.

The toxicological information concerning the main substances in the preparation is provided below.

### Toxicological information concerning the main substances included in the mixture:

Poly (oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)), alpha- (2-aminomethylethyl)omega- (2-aminomethyl - Index: N.A., CAS: 9046-10-0, EC No: N.A. Skin irritation: Dangerous in case of skin contact (corrosive) Draize Method 80.00-110.00/110 (Rabbit) Eye Irritation: Very dangerous in case of eye contact (irritant). Draize Method 6.40-8.00/8.0 (Rabbit) Acute Toxicity:

Acute oral toxicity (LD50): 2880 mg/kg (Rat)

Acute dermal toxicity (LD50): 2980 mg/kg (Rabbit)

Chronic toxicity: It can cause dermatitis. Repeated or prolonged exposure to the substance may cause lung damage.

Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) - single exposure Inhalation Respiratory irritation May cause respiratory irritation.

### Benzyl alcohol - CAS: 100-51-6

Acute toxicity: Test: LD50 - Via: Skin - Species: Rabbit 2000 mg/kg Test: LD50 - Via: Oral - Species: Rat 1230 mg/kg Test: LC50 - Via: Inhalation - Species: Rat > 4.1 mg/l - Duration: 4h

### Trimethylhexane-1,6-diamine Index: N.A., CAS: 25620-58-0, EC No: N.A.

Acute oral toxicity: LD50 rat: 910 mg/kg Skin irritation: corrosive Eye irritation: risk of serious eye damage Sensitisation: sensitising

Corrosivity/Irritancy: Skin Corrosive. Contact can cause burns.

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<ul> <li>appear after several days or weeks of frequensitisation, even exposure to very small and Jnless otherwise specified, the data required la a) acute toxicity;</li> <li>b) skin corrosion/irritation;</li> <li>c) serious eye damage/serious eye irrid) respiratory or skin sensitisation;</li> <li>e) germ cell mutagenicity;</li> <li>f) carcinogenicity;</li> <li>g) toxicity to reproduction;</li> <li>h) specific target organ toxicity (STOT)</li> </ul>	ated contact. by skin contact. s from person to person. Allergic dermatitis may not initially oc uent and prolonged contact. For this reason contact with the bunts of material can cause local oedema and erythema. by Regulation 453/2010/EC below is to be understood as N.A.: tation; ) - single exposure: n. Central nervous system. Eye disease usthma. Neurological disorder - repeated exposure;		
Since no specific data is available on the p	reparation, it must be used according to good working practi the soil or waterways. Notify the competent authorities if the pro-		
12.1 Toxicity	the effects on the groundwater.		

Experimental copepoda 48 hours LC50 418 mg/l Experimental water flea 48 hours EC50 80 mg/l

Experimental green algae 72 hours EC50 15 mg/l

Experimental Sheepshead Minnow 96 hours LC50 772 mg/l

Experimental Diatom 72 hours EC50 142 mg/l

# Benzyl alcohol - CAS: 100-51-6

Acute aquatic toxicity: Endpoint: LC50 - Species: Fish = 10 mg/l - Duration h: 96 Endpoint: LC50 - Species: Fish = 460 mg/l - Duration h: 96 Endpoint: EC50 - Species: Algae = 700 mg/l - Duration h: 72

Trimethylhexane-1,6-diamine

Aquatic toxicity:

LC 50 Leucicus idus melanotus: 174 mg/l/48h LC 0 Leucicus idus melanotus: 150 mg/l/48h EC50 Daphnia magna: 31.5 mg/l/24h C10 Pseudomonas putida. 72 mg/l/16 h

- 12.2. Persistence and degradability
  - No other information is available.
- 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential
- 12.4. Mobility in soil
- No other information is available.
- 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
  - List of contained substances hazardous to the environment and their classification: Trimethylhexane-1,6-diamine CAS: 25620-58-0 R52/53
  - Harmful to aquatic life, it can cause long-term adverse effects on the aquatic environment. Biodegradability elimination data: Not readily biodegradable (7%) Effects related to ecotoxicity: Toxicity to fish: LC50 Leuciscus idus melanotus: 174 mg/l / 48h
- 12.6. Other adverse effects

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Tain bibliographical sources: CDIN - Environmental Chemicals Data and Int AX's DANGEROUS PROPERTIES OF INDUS CNL - Annex 1 tituto Superiore di Sanità - National Inventory he information contained therein is based on c refers only to the indicated product and does he user is required to ensure the suitability and his datasheet cancels and replaces any previo <b>13.1. Waste treatment methods.</b> tecover if possible. Send to authorised dispose egulations (Presidential Decree 915/82 et seq. lefer to special instructions/safety datasheets. 1/156/EEC, 91/689/EEC, 94/62/EC and subse he European waste code suggested here is ba	ge. fects. echnician who has received appropriate training. formation Network - Joint Research Centre, Commission of the E STRIAL MATERIALS - Eight Edition – Van Nostrand Reinold of Chemicals our knowledge as of the date stated above. not constitute a guarantee of particular quality. d completeness of this information in relation to the specific use to bus edition.	o be made thereof. ate in accordance with	
<ul> <li>IATA-UN Number: 2735</li> <li>IMDG-UN Number: 2735</li> <li>4.2. UN proper shipping name ADR-Shipping Name: AMINES, LIQUID IMDG-Shipping Name: AMINES, LIQUID</li> <li>4.3. Transport hazard classes ADR-Class: 8, II ADR - Hazard Identification Number: 80 IATA-Classes: 8 IATA-Label: Corrosive IMDG-Class: 8 IMDG-Class: 8</li> <li>4.4. Packing group ADR-Packing Group: II IATA-Packing group: II</li> <li>IATA-Packing group: II</li> <li>IMDG-Packing group: II</li> <li>IMDG-Packing group: II</li> <li>IMDG-Marine pollutant: Yes</li> <li>4.6. Special precautions for users IATA-Passenger Aircraft: 808</li> </ul>	D, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.,		
IATA-Passenger Aircraft: 808 IATA-Cargo Aircraft: 812 IATA-ERG: 8L IMDG-EMS: F-A , S-B IMDG-MFAG: 320 IMDG-Storage category: B IMDG-Storage notes: Clear of living qua I4.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of No			

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**SECTION 15. Regulatory information.** 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture Specific safety, health and environmental standards and legislation for the substance or mixture Italian Legislative Decree no. 52 of 3/2/1997 (Classification, packaging and labelling of dangerous substances) Legislative Decree no. 65 of 14/3/2003 (Classification, packaging and labelling of dangerous preparations) Italian Legislative Decree no. 25 of 02/02/2002 (Risks arising from chemical agents at work) Italian Ministerial Decree of Labour 26/02/2004 (Occupational exposure limits) Italian Ministerial Decree 03/04/2007 (Implementation of Directive 2006/8/EC) Regulation (EC) no. 1907/2006 (REACH) Regulation (EC) no. 1272/2008 (CLP) Regulation (EC) no. 790/2009 (ATP 1 CLP) Regulation (EU) no. 453/2010 (Annex I) Regulation (EU) no. 286/2011 (ATP 2 CLP) Restrictions on the product or substances contained in accordance with Annex XVII to Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) and subsequent adaptations: Restriction 3 Where applicable, refer to the following regulations: Ministerial circulars 46 and 61 (Aromatic amines). Italian Legislative Decree no. 238 of 21 September 2005 (Seveso Ter Directive) Regulation (EC) no. 648/2004 (Detergents). Italian Legislative Decree no. 152 of 03/04/2006 Environmental standards 15.2. Chemical safety assessment NΑ **SECTION 16. Other information.** Text of the sentences used in paragraph 3: H302 Harmful if swallowed. H332 Harmful if inhaled. H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. This document has been prepared by an SDS technician who has received appropriate training. Main bibliographical sources: ECDIN - Environmental Chemicals Data and Information Network - Joint Research Centre, Commission of the European Communities SAX's DANGEROUS PROPERTIES OF INDUSTRIAL MATERIALS - Eight Edition – Van Nostrand Reinold CCNI - Annex 1 Istituto Superiore di Sanità - National Inventory of Chemicals The information contained therein is based on our knowledge as of the date stated above. It refers only to the indicated product and does not constitute a guarantee of particular quality. The user is required to ensure the suitability and completeness of this information in relation to the specific use to be made thereof. This datasheet cancels and replaces any previous edition. LEGEND ADR: European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by road. CAS No: Chemical Abstract Service (division of the American Chemical Society). CLP: Classification, Labelling, Packaging. DNEL: Derived no effect level. EINECS: European inventory of existing commercial chemical substances. GefStoffVO: Dangerous Substances Ordinance, Germany. GHS: Globally harmonised system of classification and labelling of chemicals. IATA: International Air Transport Association. IATA-DGR: Regulations for the transport of dangerous goods of the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA). ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation. ICAO-TI: Technical instructions of the International Civil Aviation Organisation (ICAO). IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code. INCI: International nomenclature of cosmetic ingredients. KSt: Explosion coefficient. LC50: Lethal concentration for 50% of the tested population. LD50: Lethal dose for 50% of the tested population. PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration. RID: Regulation concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by rail. STEL: Short-term exposure limit.

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STOT: Specific target organ toxicity.			
TLV: Threshold limit value. TWATLV: Threshold limit value for a time weig WGK: German water hazard class.	hted average exposure of 8 hours per day. (ACGIH standard).		
GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY			
-	08 Ministerial Decree of Labour 26/02/2004 (Occupational expo	sure limits)	
Regulation (EC) no. 1907/2006 (REACH)			
Regulation (EC) no. 1272/2008 (CLP) Regulation (EC) no. 790/2009 (ATP 1 CLP) and			
Regulation (EU) 2015/830 Regulation (EU) No			
Regulation (EU) no. 618/2012 (ATP 3 CLP)			
Regulation (EU) no. 487/2013 (ATP 4 CLP)			
Regulation (EU) no. 944/2013 (ATP 5 CLP)			
Regulation (EU) no. 605/2014 (ATP 6 CLP)			
Regulation (EU) no. 2015/1221 (ATP 7 CLP)			
Regulation (EU) no. 2016/918 (ATP 8 CLP)			
Regulation (EU) no. 2016/1179 (ATP 9 CLP)			
Regulation (EU) no. 2017/776 (ATP 10 CLP)			
Regulation (EU) no. 2018/699 (ATP 11 CLP)			
- The Merck Index 10th Edition			
<ul> <li>Handling Chemical Safety</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>INRS - Toxicological sheets</li> </ul>			
- Patty - Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology			
- N.I. Sax - Dangerous properties of Industrial	Materials-7, 1989 Edition		
- IFA GESTIS website			
<ul> <li>ECHA Agency website</li> <li>Database of chemical SDS models - Ministry</li> </ul>	of Health and Higher Institute of Health		
- Database of themical SDS models - Millistry			
Note to the user:			
The information contained in this datasheet	is based on the knowledge available to us on the date of the l	atest version. The use	er must ensure th
suitability and completeness of the informati	ion in relation to the specific use of the product.		
	rranting any specific property of the product.		
As use of the product does not fall under ou hygiene and safety. No responsibility is assur	r direct control, it is the user's responsibility to comply with the ned for improper use	e laws and regulations	in force regardir

hygiene and safety. No responsibility is assumed for improper use. Provide adequate training to personnel involved in the use of chemicals.